THE COAST GUARD



CG 288

RESERVIST

WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

VOL. IV No. 7, MAY 1957

DCR Conference Held at

rectors of the Reserve for the Coast Guard Districts within the continental limits of the United States, convened at Headquarters a conference from March 25 sugh the 29th. Those in attendance were:

lst District - CAPTR. C. FOUTTER, USCG

2nd District - CDR J. B. SWANN, JR., USCGR

3rd District - CAPT S. R. SANDS, JR., USCG

5th District - CDR E.G. CARDWELL, USCGR

7th District - CDR G. A. DOWNING, USCGR

8th District - CDR J. D. WINN, JR., USCGR

9th District - CAPT W. S. BAKUTIS, USCG

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More Copies of RESERVIST Needed to Fill Requests

In order to fill District requests for more copies of the Coast Guard Reservist, the Reserve Division at Headquarters is planning to ask for an increase in the number of copies printed each month. Currently 23,000 copies of this periodical are allowed monthly for dissemination to members of the Reserve.

Requesting an increased number of copies of the Reservist is accomplished through the Treasury Department and the Bureau of the Budget. Since this process takes a little time, Districts are urged to hold their requests for more copies until they are notified such copies are available.

Six-Months Training Classes Now Being Filled for July, August, and September!

Six-months training classes for July, August, and September are now beginning to be filled. Members of the Reserve who have friends interested in this six-months training program should "cue" them on signing up NOW - before the quotas are filled! Young men should contact their local Coast Guard Recruiter or local Coast Guard Organized Reserve Training Unit as soon as possible in order to be enlisted in time for assignment to one of these classes.

During February 1947, 68 trainees reported to the Coast Guard Receiving Center, Cape May, New Jersey, to begin their six months of training. During this same month, 162 young Reservists completed their initial

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ARMED FORCES DAY, May 18-19, 1957...men and women members of the five parent services and their Reserve components will take part in the seventh annual report to the people on the Nation's defense program. This group symbolizes unification and the close working relationship of the Army, Navy, Air Force Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and Reserve Forces.

Types of Jobs Open for Engineers in the Coast Guard's Civil Service Branch

Types of Jobs Open	Grade Levels	Where Located
Civil Engineers	GS 9 and 11	St. Louis. Mo. New York City Norfolk, Va. Cleveland, Ohio Honolulu, T. H.
Electronic Engineers (Radio)	GS - 9	Alexandria, Va. Norfolk, Va. St. Louis, Mo.
Electrical Engineers	GS - 11	Washington, D. C. San Francisco, Calif.
Marine Engineers	GS - 9	Boston, Mass. Cleveland, Ohio
Lighthouse Engineers	GS - 12	Washington, D. C.
Aircraft Engineer	GS - 12	Washington, D. C.
Structural Engineer	GS - 9 and 11	Washington, D. C.
Naval Architect	GS - 9	Washington, D. C.
Electrical Engineer (Marine)	GS - 11	Washington, D. C.
Maintenance Engineer	GS - 9	Alexandria, Va.

Reservists who may be interested and qualified for the engineering openings listed above, should forward a completed Standard Form 57 (Civil Service application form) to the office where the vacancy or vacancies exist.

Variety of Billets Open for Extended Active Duty

The Coast Guard is still accepting applications from Reservists who are interested in extended active duty. Assignments are available in all enlisted ratings and in officer ranks below lieutenant commander. Interested officers in these grades should also submit requests at this time.

Enlisted contracts will be for two years.

Officers will be offered twoyear contracts with a possibility of extension.

After completing one year of extended active duty, enlisted Reservists will have an opportunity to "ship over" to the Regular Coast Guard and receive mustering-out-pay, travel pay to home of record, and the re-enlistment bonus. Reservists may "ship over" without a loss of rate if there are vacancies in their ratings in the Regular Coast Guard. Chief petty officers, however, will not be rated higher than E-6, first class petty officer.

New ORTU Locations

New Organized Reserve Training Units are now being formed in the following locations:

Worcester, Mass. Fresno, Calif. Bridgeport, Conn. Kingston, Penna. Stockton, Calif.

Members of the Active Status Pool and members of units who have friends interested in becoming members of a Coast Guard Organized Reserve Training Unit in the above locations should contact their local Coast Guard Recruiting Office.

Administrative Reserve Units Are Designated

Administrative Reserve Units are to be established in each Coast Guard District for personnel placed in a new training category H. Reservists who will be placed in this new category will be those who, under the Armed Forces Reserve Act of 1952 (Section 208), have a statutory obligation to participate in a Reserve training program—BUT who VOL-UNTEER or REQUEST 30 days active duty for training. In other words, YOU may be assigned to one of these administrative units in place of attending regularly scheduled ORTU

Instructions To Be Changed For Submitting Annual Fitness Reports

All Coast Guard officers not serving on active duty who are members of the Ready Reserve or Standby Reserve-SI will soon be required to submit their Annual Fitness Reports promptly on June 30, 1957. (The Annual Fitness Report is Form NAVPERS-937.) In addition, reporting seniors must complete the portion of this form they are responsible for within fifteen (15) days after they receive the forms. The revised schedule for submitting Fitness Reports is planned as follows:

Month of June - District Directors of Reserve will dis bute blank forms Individual officers must submit Fitness Reports to their reporting senior by to date.

All Fitness Reports to be received by the District Director of Reserve by this date.

The responsibility of the individual officer has not been changed. It is still his personal obligation to make sure that he has the blank Fitness Report forms in hand not later than June 30, 1957. Should an officer fail to receive his form, he should contact his District Director of Reserve before this deadline.

(If YOU are planning to take your vacation about the time the report are due, make sure that the necessary arrangements for forwarding your mail are completed before leaving your home...in case YOU have not completed and submitted form to YOUR reporting senior to YOUR reporting senior to you take to the "field and stream"

stream".)
The reporting senior for all officers assigned to drilling units is the Unit Commanding Officer. Members of Interservice units should insure that their Fitness Reports are sent to their District Director of Reserve. Officers assigned to the Active Status Pool will submit reports direct to their District Director of Reserve.

drills if the following facts about YOUR situation can be substantiated:

(a) If YOU are unable to attend 48 scheduled drills or training periods and not more than 17 days active duty for training annually due to...

(1)...hardship as determined by

the District Commander

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Three-Fourths Retired Pay for Combat Citation

In a recent decision, the Comptroller General has recognized the right of a Naval Reserve officer specially commended for performance of duty in actual combat on or before 31 December 1946 to receive retired pay in the amount of 3/4 of the active duty pay of the grade in which serving at the time of retirement.

This ruling was based upon the opinion of the Court of Claims in the case of YARNALL v. United States. Yarnall was a Naval Reserve Commander who had been awarded the Navy Cross for combat service and had been transferred, effective June 1948, to the Naval Reserve Retired List with the rank of Captain but with the retired pay of a Commander computed in accordance

'th the point system provided for Title III of the Act of 29 June 1948 (P. L. 810, 80th Congress). The Court of Claims upheld the officer's contention that he was entitled to retired pay based upon the 3/4 pay provision contained in Section 412 (a) of the Officer Personnel Act of 1947 which stated that officers specially commended for duty in actual combat by the head of an executive department would be entitled to the increased retirement pay.

The Court specifically rejected the government's contention that the 1948 Act, in providing a separate retirement system for Reservists, distinct from retirement provisions

members of the Armed Forces g. rerally, precluded recovery under the Officer Personnel Act of 1947. On the contrary, the Court gave the language of the Officer Personnel of 1947 its literal meaning and that the officer was entitled to 3/4 of the pay of a Commander.

In his ruling, the Comptroller recognized that the conclusion reached by the Court of Claims represents a tenable and permissible construction of the statute and therefore stated that the decision of the Court of Claims would be followed in all similar cases.

It should be pointed out, however, that Naval Reserve officers who had been placed on the Honorary Retired List of the Naval Reserve and who were granted retired pay under Title III, P.L. 810, were expressly precluded by the provisions of Section 412 (a) of the Officer Personnel Act of 1947 from receiving an increase in retired pay based upon this section. Accordingly, the Comptroller General ruled that such officers could not come within the purview of the Yarnall case.

It should also be noted that the provisions regarding increased pay

contained in Section 412 (a) of the Officer Personnel Act of 1947 were repealed by the Career Compensation Act of 1949 as regards persons retired after its effective date of l October 1949. Therefore, the Yarnall case stands only for the proposition that a Naval Reserve officer specially commended in combat who is retired or entitled to be retired prior to 1 October 1949 under the provisions of Title III, P.L. 810, is entitled to 3/4 of the pay of the grade in which retired. The Court stated that the repeal may defeat the rights of anyone retired after 1 October 1949 although it did not decide this question.

Although the Comptroller's ruling that he would follow the Yarnall decision in similar cases technically is limited to Naval Reserve officers, it is believed that, by virtue of the provisions of Section 755 (e) of Title 14, U. S. Code, assimilating to Coast Guard Reservists the same retirement benefits as prescribed by law for personnel of the Naval Reserve, he would hold that a Coast Guard Reserve officer similarly situated would be entitled to the increased pay provisions.

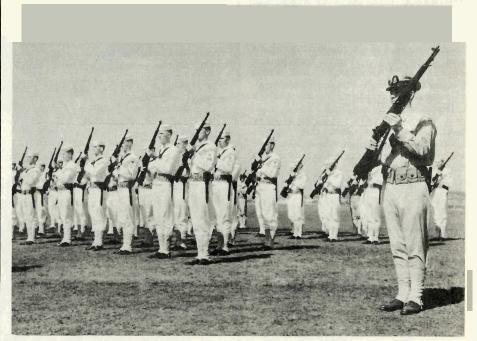
There is no comparable section of law providing for increased pay for members of the Army or Air Force Reserve.

Two-Weeks' Training for SPARs at Bainbridge

Reserve Instruction Number 12-57, released to the field in March, announces that the Coast Guard has been assigned a quota of five SPARs for each of the WAVE Reserve training classes convening July 8 through August 19 at the Naval Training Center, Bainbridge, Maryland.

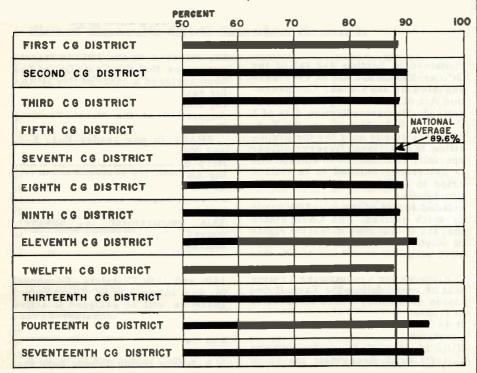
SPARs in pay grades E-1, E-2, and E-3 who have never completed Navy or Coast Guard recruit training and who are assigned to ORTUs in the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Districts will be required to take this training. This requirement is, however, waived for Women Reservists attached to ORTUAG 02-828, Denver, Colorado, and SPARs attached to ORTUs in the 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th and 17th Districts. Personnel in this latter list of Coast Guard Districts will be assigned to active duty for training as considered practical by the District Commander ... and in keeping with requirements concerning active duty for training.

It seems fitting to note here that SPARs who have trained with WAVE companies at Bainbridge the past few years have established an excellent record for new Coast Guard SPARs to follow this summer. In several instances, for example, a SPAR has been selected as the Company Commander or has earned the highest marks in her class. Let's keep this record going!



Official Coast Guard Photo

Officer Candidates are put through their paces at the U.S. Coast Guard Academy, New London, Connecticut, during a Manual of Arms drill. Men who complete the 17-weeks' OCS course are commissioned ensigns in the Coast Guard Reserve.



12th District - CDR B. P. CLARK, USCG

13th District - CDR E. F. HANKS, USCGR

Topics relative to administration of the Coast Guard Reserve were discussed. The agenda included ACDUTRA, intra-service and public information, use of operational units for training, screening. Consideration was given to de-emphasizing the summer months as the primary unit and individual season. The policy concerning the current inspection program was discussed and suggestions for its improvement were offered.

The conference participants were luncheon guests of RADM W. W. KENNER, Chief of the Office of Personnel, on the concluding day of the meeting.

SIX-MOS. -- Cont. from p. 1

training and returned home to their local units.

From July 1, 1956 through March 31, 1957 the Coast Guard has entitled 1117 Reservists under this program. Of this number, 733 have been transferred to Cape May to begin their six months of training. Of this number, 281 have completed training and have returned home.

So "spread the word" about the Coast Guard's six-months' training program. A man thinking about a Service to choose should know about THIS ONE!

ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS--Cont. from p. 2

(2)...or moving to or living in a geographical location not within reasonable commuting distance of an organized training unit.

The above listed conditions, however, are the ONLY conditions under which approval can be considered for assignment to these newly authorized Administrative Reserve Units.

Assignments to these administrative units will be made by the District Commander who will issue written orders.

Each unit will be identified as follows:

Administrative Reserve Unit or ARU

District or 01 -

<u>Unit Number</u> - 300 (ARU 01-300)

Reservists assigned to these units will be required to perform 30 days of active duty for training during each enlistment or appointment year. All training will be taken on an individual basis.

For full details on the establishment of Administrative Reserve Units, Reserve Instruction Number 10-57 is on file at District offices and at ORTU training centers.

DO YOUR PART IN
RECRUITING - BRING
IN A BUDDY

Attendance Figures for ORTUs February 1957		
National Average	90%	
Highest District Seventh CG District	95 .8%	
Highest ORTUPS ORTUPS 01-424 Augusta, Maine	100%	
Highest ORTUAG ORTUAG 02-330 Omaha, Nebraska	96.6%	

First Weekend Coast Guard Unit Is Established

The Coast Guard's first weeked Reserve Unit, ORTUPS 13-961, was recently established in Spokane, Washington. The following Reserve officers have been assigned to the new unit:

Lieutenant Commander Clyde A. Raynor, Commanding Officer; Lieutenant I. A. Ostness, Executive Officer; Lieutenant D. D. Low, Training Officer and Lieutenant (j.g.) J. A. Thomas, Personnel Officer.

C. L. Boyle, EN3, was named Company Petty Officer, with D. R. Davis, R. J. Grieb and L. B. Kison all Seamen, appointed as Plato Leaders.

Members of this newly commissioned unit meet on the second weekend of each month at the U. Naval and Marine Corps Reser Training Center, North 5101 Assembly, Spokane, Washington.

There are several openings in this Port Security Unit for both Reserve officers and Reserve enlisted personnel.

The Coast Guard RESERVIST

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